

Sensor Connections

Crank sensor connections

Use twisted pair wire with overall screen for crank sensor

VR sensor pin outs (magnetic)

VR sensor pin outs (magnetic) Ford inc Duratec

Pin 1 to pin 12 Pin 2 to Sensor GND Shield to Sensor GND at ECU

Vauxhall/Opel/BMW/Volvo/Saab/ etc. (Bosch & Siemens)

Pin 1 to pin 12 Pin 2 to pin Sensor GND Pin 3 to shield to Sensor GND at FCU

Marelli

Pin 2 to pin 12 Pin 1 to Sensor GND Shield to Sensor GND at ECU

Manifold Pressure Sensors

GM Map A = Sensor GND B = Signal C= 5 Volt

Bosch Map 0261 230 004 1= 5 Volt

2= GND

3=Signal

Marrelli Map A = 5V

B = Sensor GND C = Signal

Throttle pot

Connect 5 v to side to which throttle wiper goes at full open

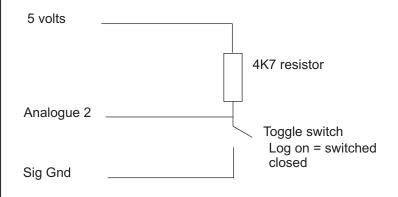
any value 500 Ohm to 20 K Ohm

Colvern (Jenvey) pot

Red = Wiper Green or Blue = 5v Yellow or Black = Sensor GND All 5 volt and Sensor Gnd connections are equivalent (except Lambda Gnd). Use the ones which are most suitable for the sensors connected. If not using twisted pair wire, twist together separate wires a pitch of approx. 2.5 cm

ANALOGUE 2 WIRING FOR LOG SWITCH

If using the analogue 2 input for switching the log on and off use the following wiring.



Serial Port Connections	Flash Programming Switch	
1 -> 1 2 -> 2 3 -> 3 9 - 15 pin (Dyno Control Box uses the rest) 4 -> 4 5 -> 5	8	
5 -> 5	13	

1 Amp
4 Amp 4 Amp
4 Amp 9 amp

Coil Wiring

Coil Per Plug

Remember that the outputs are numbered in firing sequence, that is 1 is the first to fire, 2 the second etc. For a 4 cylinder with a firing sequence of 1/3/4/2 connect wires as below. A cam sensor MUST be fitted for coil per plug operation.

Cyl O/P	1	3	4	2
O/P	1	2	3	4

And similarly for 6 or 8 cylinder engines.

Wasted Spark

Use the lowest outputs. For a 6 cylinder engine with a firing order of 1/3/6/4/5/2 wire as below.

Cyl	1	3	6
Cyl	4	5	2
O/P	1	2	3

Distributor

Use Coil output 1..

Twin Spark

Coil O/P's 1 to 2 work as normal. Coil O/P's 3 to 4 are the matching second plug. For a 4 cylinder, wasted spark,, twin spark wire as below.

Cyl	1& 4	2 & 3	First Plug
O/P	1	2	
Cyl O/P	1 3	3 4	Second Plug

Four cylinder cylinder wasted spark is the maximum for twin spark operation.

Injector Wiring

Note all injectors must be high impedance types or use a ballast resistor.

Sequential

Remember that the outputs are numbered in firing sequence, that is 1 is the first to fire, 2 the second etc. For a 4 cylinder with a firing sequence of 1/3/4/2 connect wires as below.

Cyl 1 3 4 2 O/P 1 2 3

A cam sensor MUST be fitted for sequential injection.

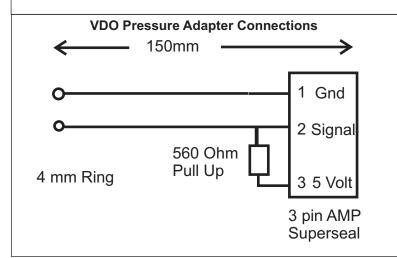
Non Sequential

Use O/P's 1,2,3 & 4 to any injector

Non Sequential Twin Injector

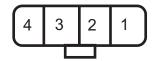
Injectors 1:- Use O/P's 1,2. Wire equal numbers of injectors on each if possible

Injectors 2:- Use O/P's 3,4. Wire equal numbers of injectors on each if possible.



Special Nissan Connections

Connections for combined Nissan/Denso Cam Shaft mounted sensor system. Engine codes RB25, RB26, RB20. General Engine Settings, Flywheel Mode 5



- 1 TDC Signals White
- 2 360 degree signal Green
- 3 +5V Red
- 4 Signal GND Black

Note:- Before Firmware V49.02 Connect TDC signal to Undriven wheel speed on the ECU sensor connector, after V49.02 the normal Cam input. Connect 360 degree signal to normal hall effect crank shaft sensor input Pin 13

The connector is drawn looking at the sensor output.



This sensor comes in 4 and 6 cylinder versions, either is acceptable.

Special Nissan Connections

Connections for combined Nissan/Denso Cam Shaft mounted sensor system. Engine Code SR20. General Engine Settings, Flywheel Mode 8

We have seen various connectors on this one but the wire colours are always the same

- 1 TDC Signals White
- 2 360 degree signal Green
- 3 +5V Red
- 4 Signal GND Black

Note:- Before Firmware V49.02 Connect TDC signal to Undriven wheel speed on the ECU sensor connector, after V49.02 the normal Cam input. Connect 360 degree signal to normal hall effect crank shaft sensor input Pin 13

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8

Alternative Connector

1 = GND, 2 = 5V, 3 = 360 Deg, 4 = TDC



This sensor comes in 4 and 6 cylinder versions, Only the 4 cylinder version is acceptable.

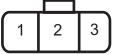
Honda K20A

LOAD K20A MAP BEFORE CONNECTING COILS

General Engine Settings, Flywheel Mode 7. Connect Inlet Cam Sensor to Pin 2. Exhaust cam sensor to normal cam input, Pin 23. Crank to Pin

All drawn looking at the sensor/actuator

Sensor Connections



Crank and Cam Sensor

Pin 1 = Signal

Pin 2 = Sensor GND

Pin 3 = 12V

TPS

Pin 1 = Sensor GND

Pin 2 = Signal

Pin 3 = 5V

MAP

Pin 1 = 5V

Pin 2 = Signal

Pin 3 = Sensor GND

Power Connections

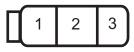
Idle Valve

Pin 1 = GND

Pin 2 = 12V

Pin 3 = Signal

Coil Connections



Pin 1 = Signal

Pin 2 = GND

Pin 3 = 12V

Connect VTEC Valve to AUX3

The Vtec Valve is on the exhaust side of the engine, inlet adjustment valve on the front

Honda F20C (S2000)

LOAD S2000 MAP BEFORE CONNECTING COILS

General Engine Settings, Flywheel Mode 9.

Connect exhaust cam sensor to normal cam input, Pin 22. Crank to Pin 12.

All drawn looking at the sensor/actuator

Sensor Connections



Crank Sensor

Pin 1 = Signal

Pin 2 = Sensor GND

Pin 3 = Shield

Ex. Cam Sensor (2 pin)

Pin 1 = Signal

Pin 2 = GND

TPS

Pin 1 = Sensor GND

Pin 2 = Signal

Pin 3 = 5V

MAP

Pin 1 = 5V

Pin 2 = Signal

Pin 3 = Sensor GND

Power Connections

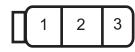
Idle Valve

Pin 1 = GND

Pin 2 = 12V

Pin 3 = Signal

Coil Connections



Pin 1 = Signal

Pin 2 = GND

Pin 3 = 12V

Connect VTEC Valve to AUX3 Via Relay

Honda B16 & B18 Distributor

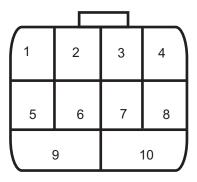
General Engine Settings, Flywheel Mode 6.

Connect cam sensor to cam input, Pin 22. Crank to Pin 12.

Requires Firmware V17.02 or Higher

All drawn looking at the sensor/actuator

Distributor Connections



Crank Sensor

Pin 2 = Signal

Pin 6 = Sensor GND

Cam Sensor

Pin 8 = Signal

Pin 4 = Sensor GND

Coil Trigger

Pin 1

Tacho

Pin 9

12V

Pin 10

Connect VTEC Valve to AUX3 Via Relay

Suzuki GSXR 1000 K5 & K6

All drawn looking at the sensor/actuator

Crank Sensor

Pin 1 Signal (Black) Pin 2 GND (Green)



Rover 1800 K VVC Connector Pin Outs

Latch

Drawn From ECU Side of Loom Connector on Vehicle

Rover 1800 K VVC Loom to S60

Rover Red Connector	S60 Pin	
1 Cam+ 2 Cam- 9 Tacho Out 12 INJ 1 13 INJ 2 14 INJ 3 25 Crank+ 26 Crank- 27 Lambda+ 28 Lambda- 35 INJ 4	22 Sensor 21 Sensor 2 Power 9 Power 17 Power 12 Sensor 21 Sensor 19 Sensor 18 Sensor 34 Power	
Rover Black Connector	S60 Pin	
2 VVC inc 8 MAP 5V 10 Oil Temp 12 TPS Sig 13 Sensor GND 14 Air Temp 15 Water Temp 18 TPS 5 V 20,21,22,33 See Below 23 VVC Decrease 25 Coil 2 26 Coil 1 27 +12V 28 Fan 1 30 Fuel Pump 36 MAP Sig	33 or 32 Power 9 Sensor 17 Sensor 34 Sensor 23 Sensor 7 Sensor 25 Sensor 9 Sensor 5 Power 18 Power 10 Power 31 Power 4 Power 3 Power 5 Sensor	
Ignition Relay Black Con.	Relay	
20 & 21 22 33	85 & 87 30 86	
S60 Power Con Pins 13 & 14 To Bat Negative		

Honda CBR600 F4i Sequential

General Engine Settings, Flywheel Mode 10 Requires Firmware V19.02 or higher.

Any Honda bike engine fitted with the cam wheel below and a 12 tooth (no gaps) crank wheel.

Crank Sensor

Pin 1 GND (Yellow/White) Pin 2 Signal (Yellow)



Cam Sensor

Pin 1 Signal (Grey)
Pin 2 GND (Yellow/White)



Drawn looking at connector attached to sensor



Suzuki Hyabusa

All drawn looking at the sensor/actuator, wiring colours are sensor not loom colours

Crank Sensor

Pin 1 GND (Green) Pin 2 Signal (Blue)



Cam Sensor

Pin 1 GND Pin 2 Signal



TPS Sensor

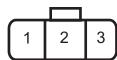
Pin 1 GND Pin 2 Signal Pin 3 5v



MAP

Pin 1 = 5V Pin 2 = Signal

Pin 3 = Sensor GND



Gear

Pin 1 = Supply

Pin 2 = Variable Resistor End

Pin 3 = Switch to 1

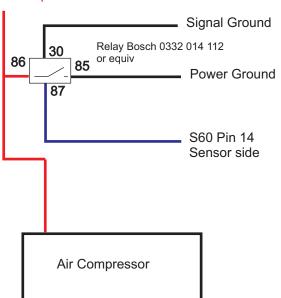


Resistance Values Ohms

1st 560 2nd 827 3rd 1585 4th 2733 5th 6800 6th 15000

Air Conditioner Connections

12V Control To Compressor

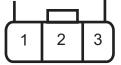


BMW Mini (Chrysler Engine)

All drawn looking at the sensor/actuator, wiring colours are loom colours

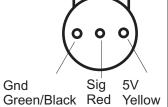
Crank/Cam Sensors

Pin 1 GND (Brown/Stripe) Pin 2 Signal (Black/Stripe) Pin 3 12V (Red/Stripe)



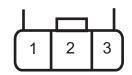
TPS Sensor

Pin 1 GND Pin 2 Signal Pin 3 5v



Coil

Pin 1 Cyl 2 & 3 (Black / Yell) Pin 2 12V (Red)l Pin 3 Cyl 1 & 4 (Black / Blue)



Orientation of Magnetic Rotating Sensors



Cam Sensor

Shown is an oscilloscope trace of a typical magnetic cam sensor pattern when cranking. The orientation is correct when the voltage seen at the signal pin rises as the tooth approaches and falls sharply when the tooth recedes.

If the sensor is connected with reversed polarity then the signal position will appear to move causing cam shaft errors and apparent movement in cam position.

Note the presence of high frequency noise on this signal. This is the result of not using shielded twisted pair wire for this sensor. If this is strong enough cam shaft errors will result and the engine may not run at all.



On the right is a more detailed view of the gap itself. Note the voltage rising as the gap traverses the sensor.

You can also see that this signal is free of high frequency noise. The correct screened twisted pair wire has been used for this sensor. Both cam and crank traces are from the same vehicle.

Crank Sensor

On the left is an oscilloscope trace of a good clean signal from a magnetic crank sensor on a 36 - 1 wheel. Note the voltage rising through the gap. This is the correct polarity.

If the voltage falls through the gap then the engine may start but at a certain RPM will begin to give crank shaft errors and re-synchronisations.

The voltage variation is caused by successive compression strokes slowing the rotation speed during cranking.

